

## Covalent Bonds

### Opener

- You have 10 minutes to complete your homework

### Grade Homework

- Ionic Compounds

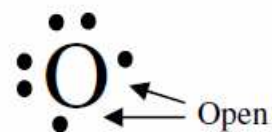
### Lewis Dot Diagrams

- Dot Diagrams are a depiction of an atom's valence electrons
- They are a powerful tool in helping you understand, see, and even predict molecular bonding

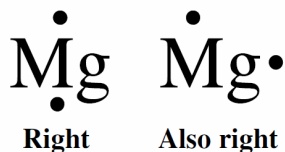
### Dots Represent Valence Electrons



### Openings show where electrons can be gained or shared from other atoms



### Electrons can move around for bonding



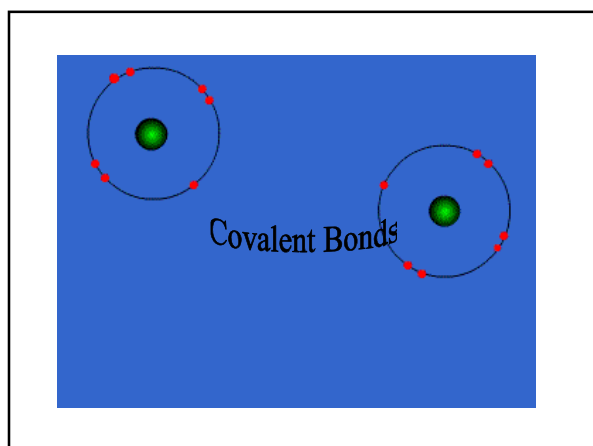
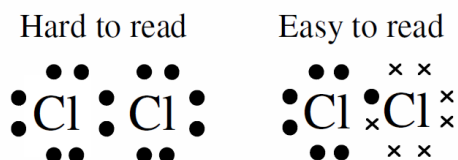
### X's can be used to keep track of electrons from other atoms



Word/Term: Covalent Bonds	Drawing:
Describe in own words:	
Textbook Definition:	
How I remember it:	Reflections:
Rate my Understanding: 1 2 3 4	

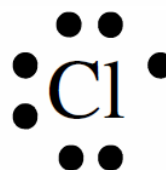
### Use X's for Different Atoms

*If you use only dots you won't be able to see where the electrons came from.*

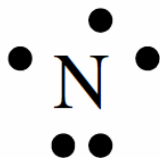


### Remember the Dots are Valence Electrons

Chlorine has 7 valence electrons  
Chlorine needs 1 more to be full.



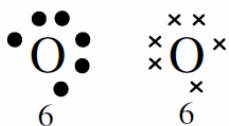
Phosphorus has 5 valence electrons  
Phosphorus needs 3 more to be full.



## Covalent Bonding

- You must fulfill two criteria when making covalent bonds
  - The individual atoms must have the proper number of valence electrons
  - When bonded, each atom must have 8 electrons through sharing

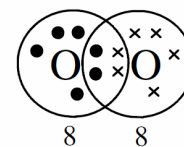
## Oxygen Does not Exist as an Individual Atom



Each oxygen has only  
6 valence electrons  
and needs 2 more.

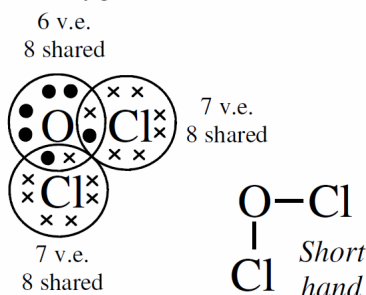
## Molecules Made of the Same Type of Atom

Oxygen is a  
*diatomic molecule*:  
it is found as a  
molecule of 2 atoms.



Together each oxygen  
has 8 valence electrons  
thru *sharing*.

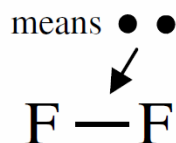
Oxygen dichloride:  $\text{OCl}_2$



## Short Hand

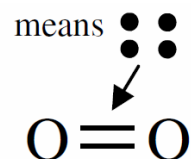
- Though Lewis Dot Diagrams are a powerful tool to determine how elements bond, they take a long time to draw
  - Chemists use lines to show bonds
- A Covalent Bond**
- 
- Each line means  
2 electrons  
are shared

### Single Bond-each atom shares 1 electron (2 total)



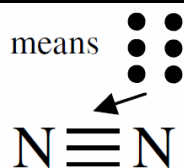
A *single* covalent bond.  
*Each Fluorine has 7 v.e.*  
*plus 1 for the 1 bond = 8!*

### Double Bond-each atom shares 2 electrons (4 total)



A *double* covalent bond.  
*Each Oxygen has 6 v.e.*  
*plus 2 for the 2 bonds = 8!*

### Triple Bond-each atom shares 3 electrons (6 total)



A *triple* covalent bond.  
*Each Nitrogen has 5 v.e.*  
*plus 3 for the 3 bonds = 8!*

Draw the Lewis Dot Diagram for molecular Chlorine ( $\text{Cl}_2$ ).

Short hand

Using Lewis Dot Diagrams to predict how  
 Oxygen and Fluorine will combine.

Short hand

### Chemical Bonds Song Cage Match

A

B

C

### Homework

- Covalent Compounds
- Next Class
  - Quiz 9
  - Naming Compounds