

<p>Which segment/s shows the following: <i>Velocity</i></p> <p>Constant velocity <i>C</i></p> <p>$\Delta x = +$ <i>A, B, C</i></p> <p>Velocity = 0 <i>A</i></p> <p>$\Delta x = -$ <i>none</i></p> <p>Acceleration <i>B</i></p> <p>Acceleration = 0 <i>A, C</i></p> <p>$v = +$ <i>B, C</i></p>	<p>Which segment/s shows the following: <i>Acceleration</i></p> <p>Constant velocity <i>A, C, E</i></p> <p>$v = +$ <i>A, first part of B</i></p> <p>Velocity = 0 <i>E + here</i></p> <p>$a = -$ <i>B</i></p> <p>$\Delta v = -$ <i>B</i></p> <p>$a = +$ <i>D</i></p> <p>Acceleration = 0 <i>A, C, E</i></p>
<p>Position vs. Time</p>	<p>Velocity vs. Time</p>

For each of the following three examples, translate the given graph to the other two. For these graphs assume that each vertical square equals 1 meter and each horizontal square equals 1 second.

<p>Position vs. Time</p>	<p>Velocity vs. Time</p>	<p>Acceleration vs. Time</p> <p style="text-align: right;"><i>no change in accel</i></p>
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<p>Position vs. Time</p>	<p>Velocity vs. Time</p>	<p>Acceleration vs. Time</p> <p style="text-align: right;"><i>no change in accel</i></p>
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I did not know v_i so I started low

<p>Position vs. Time</p>	<p>Velocity vs. Time</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><i>Change in Velocity = acc</i></p>	<p>Acceleration vs. Time</p>
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$$a = \frac{v_f - v_i}{t} = \frac{-1 \text{ m/s} - 3 \text{ m/s}}{4 \text{ s}} = \frac{-4 \text{ m/s}}{4 \text{ s}} = -1 \text{ m/s}^2$$